

Decline and Fall of the Romanov Dynasty of Russia

Directions: Select the best possible answer from the given options.

1. What Russian tsar ruled Russia during the Napoleonic wars?
 - a. Alexander I
 - b. Catherine the Great
 - c. Nicholas I
 - d. Paul I
2. What Russian tsar, who ruled from 1825 until 1855, introduced the principles of "Autocracy, Orthodoxy, and Nationality"?
 - a. Alexander I
 - b. Alexander II
 - c. Nicholas I
 - d. Nicholas II
3. Following Russia's defeat in the Crimean War (1853-1856), what tsar initiated universal military conscription?
 - a. Alexander I
 - b. Alexander II
 - c. Alexander III
 - d. Nicholas I
4. In 1861, Tsar Alexander II abolished _____.
 - a. nihilism
 - b. Russia's boyar class
 - c. serfdom
 - d. universal military conscription
5. What Russian tsar was assassinated in 1881 by Narodnaya Volya (People's Will), a nihilist group?
 - a. Alexander II
 - b. Alexander III
 - c. Nicholas I
 - d. Nicholas II
6. A local governing body, granted power under Tsar Alexander II, was known as what?
 - a. pogrom
 - b. politburo
 - c. soviet
 - d. zemstvo
7. Which of the following statements does **not** describe Alexander II?
 - a. Assassinated by nihilists
 - b. Emancipated the serfs
 - c. Established a police force
 - d. Put down Decembrist Revolt
8. This group was blamed and persecuted for the assassination of Alexander II.
 - a. boyars
 - b. Chechens
 - c. Jews
 - d. nihilists

9. What Russian tsar, who ruled from 1881 until 1894, put local control in the hands of appointed officials, exercised strict censorship, and vigorously used his secret police force?
- Alexander I
 - Alexander II
 - Alexander III
 - Nicholas II
10. Attacks on Jewish areas, condoned by the Russian government, were known as ____.
- enclaves
 - ghettoes
 - pogroms
 - riots
11. What "mad monk" did Tsarina Alexandra believe could successfully treat her son's hemophilia?
- Dmitri Pavlovich
 - Felix Yusupov
 - Grigori Rasputin
 - Vasily Maklakov
12. Under Tsar Nicholas II, the Trans-Siberian Railway terminated at the port city of ____ in the east.
- Moscow
 - St. Petersburg
 - Vladivostok
 - Volgograd
13. Russia's war (1904-1905) with what country marked the first modern defeat of a European power by a non-European power?
- Afghanistan
 - China
 - Japan
 - Mongolia
14. Japan gained control of the southern portion of what island as a result of the Russo-Japanese War (1904-1905)?
- Formosa
 - Hokkaido
 - Luzon
 - Sakhalin
15. What January, 1905, event saw the massacre of 92 peaceful protesters in front of the Winter Palace in St. Petersburg?
- Bloody Sunday
 - Bolshevik Revolution
 - Good Friday
 - Red Scare
16. What is the name of the Russian legislature, first organized in 1905?
- Congress
 - Duma
 - Parliament
 - Senate
17. Tsar Nicholas II, Tsarina Alexandra, and their children were assassinated by the Bolsheviks in 1918. True or false?
- True
 - False